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1962/02/20

Program Review by Brig. Gen. Lansdale



🥳 The Cuba Project

The Goal. In keeping with the spirit of the Presidential memorandum of 30 November 1961, the United States will help the people of Cuba overs throw the Communist regime from within Cuba and institute a new government with which the United States can live in peace.

The Situation: We still know too little about the real situation inside Cuba, although we are taking energetic steps to learn more. However, some salient facts are known. It is known that the Communist regime is an active Sino-Soviet spearhead in our Hemisphere and that Communist controls inside Cuba are severe. Also, there is evidence that the repressive measures of the Communists, together with disappointments in Castro's economic dependency on the Communist formula, have resulted in an anti-regime atmosphere among the Cuban people which makes a · resistance program a distanct and present possibility.

Time is running against us. The Cuban people feel helpless and are losing hope fast. They need symbols of inside resistance and of outside interest soon. They need something they can join with the hope of starting to work surely towards overthrowing the regime. Since late November, we have been working hard to re-orient the operational concepts within the U.S. government and to develop the hard intelligence and operational assets required for success in our task.

The next National Intelligence Estimate on Cuba (NIE 85,62) promises to be a useful document dealing with our practical needs and with due recognition of the sparsity of hard facts. The needs of the Cuba project, as it goes into operation, plus the increasing U.S. capability for intelligence collection, should permit more frequent estimates for our guidance. These will be prepared on a periodic basis.

Premise of Action. Americans once ran a successful revolution. It was run from within, and succeeded because there was timely and strong political, economic, and military help by nations outside who supported our cause. Using this same concept of revolution from within, we must now help the Cuban people to stamp out tyranny and gain their liberty.

On 18 January, the Chief of Operations assigned thirty-two tasks to Departments and Agencies of the U.S. government, in order to provide a realistic assessment and preparation of U.S. capabilities. The Attorney General and the Special Group were apprised of this action. The answers received on 15 February provided the basis for planning a realistic course of action. The answers also revealed that the course of action must contain continuing coordination and firm overall guidance.

The course of action set forth herein is realistic within present operational estimates and intelligence. Actually, it represents the maximum target timing which the operational people jointly considered feasible.? It aims for a revolt which can take place in Cuba by October 1962. It is a

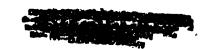
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series of target actions and dates, not a rigid time-table. The target dates are timed as follows:

Phase I. Action, March 1962. Start moving in.

Phase II. <u>Build-up</u>, April-July 1962. Activating the necessary operations inside Cuba for revolution and concurrently applying the vital political, economic, and military-type support from outside Cuba.

Phase III. Readiness, 1 August 1962, check for final policy decision.

Phase IV. Resistance. August-September 1962, move into guerrilla operations.

Phase V. Revolt, first two weeks of October 1962. Open revolt and overthrow of the Communist regime.

Phase VI, Final, during month of October 1962. Establishment of new government.

Plan of Action. Attached is an operational plan for the overthrow of the Communist regime in Cuba, by Cubans from within Cuba, with outside help from the U.S. and elsewhere. Since this is an operation to prompt and support a revolt by the people in a Communist police state. flexibility is a must for success. Decisions on operational flexibility re: with the Chief of Operations, with consultation in the Special Group when policy matters are involved. Target actions and dates are detailed in the attached operational plans, which cover:

- A. Basic Action Plan Inside Cuba
- B. Political Support Plan
- C. Economic Support Plan
- D. Psychological Support Plan
- E. Military Support Plan
- F. Sabotage Support Plan
- G. Intelligence Support Plan

Early Policy Decisions. The operational plan for clandestine U.S. support of a Cuban movement inside Cuba to overthrow the Communist regime is within policy limits already set by the President. A vital decision, still to be made, is on the use of open U.S. force to aid the Cuban people in winning their liberty. If conditions and assets permitting a revolt are achieved in Cuba, and if U.S. help is required to sustain this condition, will the U.S. respond promptly with military force to aid the Cuban revolt? The contingencies under which such military deployment would be needed, and recommended U.S. responses, are detailed in a memorandum being prepared by the Secretaries of State and of Defense. An early decision is required, prior to deep involvement of the Cubans in this program.



LATCALAIREAT J A. BASIC ACTION PLAN INSIDE CUBA

PHASE 1 (March, 1962)

PURPOSE

CONSIDERATIONS

OPERATION IN CUBA

MARCH

Establish three "pathfinder" agent operations in key areas selected by CIA.

Explore operational conditions and requirements. Report on potential and active resistance elements and situation for exploitation by resistance teams. Lay groundwork for bringing in additional agents and teams as conditions warrant.

Agent operations must stay alive, make useful contacts and communicate securely with CIA. Risk to the personnel is substantial due to lack of intelligence, but mission is essential to planning and operations.

PHASE II

(April-July 1962)

PURPOSE

CONSIDERATIONS

APRIL

2. Establish up to five more agent

OPERATION IN CUBA

operations in key areas selected

¥ CIA.

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Report on resistance potential and lay groundwork for additional agent operations.

These additional teams should provide current reporting on major Cuban areas, so broad political action program can be planned. Risk to teams will continue high, but mission is essential.

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PHASE II TOME.

OPERATION IN CUBA

PURPOSE

"Voice" of Cubaa movement goes on the air. å

Establishes vital psychological assurance to people that a movement exists to overthrow the regime.

Broadcasts can be brief ones at first:

identifying music, slogen, and short

"resistance" acts, taking credit for

all sabotage. As daily broadcasts

news. News to include reports on

from mobile transmitter inside Caba.

Preferably, the "voice" should be

the first fed and a hill on call

swift justice, two names per broadcast. If operational judgment dictates frans-

people" should be named and promised

are established, "criminals against

early broadcasts, as a strictly tempor-

mitter can be aboard submarine for

ary measure. It is vital to take risks

transmitter and crew should be moved

in if the first is lost. Æ

by having if inside Cuba; a second

MAY

Re-supply agent operations as necessary. j

developed by agent operations, if Deliver supplies to satisfy needs valid.

able to respond effectively to these needs. Maritime and, as feasible, air re-supply reality. Thus, as arms, ammunition, The agents will have to prove to local equip resistance groups, we must be and equipment, etc., are needed to partisans that outside support is a

will be used. This capability will have

to expand as resistance is developed.

A marginal note at this point on the White House copy, in

McGeorge Bundy's hand, reads: "Will be got ready and held on call.

A big job for USN."

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CONSIDERATIONS

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OPERATION IN CUBA

By June catablish 12 more agent operations in key areas selected by CIA.

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PURPOSE

Mission is the same as for previous "pathfinder" operations.

JUNE

e. By June, introduce three resistance teams in areas under initial "path-linder" surveillance, if situation is favorable.

f. Establish bases for guerrilla operations.

This will test acceptance and use of the more highly trained teams that must guide development of the popular revolution within Cubs. This also will check emphasis and timing of program from viewpoint of Cuban situation.

To have focal points, with some viability to stockpile for defensive needs and for future attack operations.

CONSIDERATIONS

These will be the last agent operations infiltrated into key areas from the outside. Further expansion by "gathfinders," after these teams are in, can be done from groups inside. It is likely that some of these last "pathfinders" will be replacing casualties.

Very minor resistance actions by important population elements such as labor must be tried and groundwork laid for broader anti-regime program leading toward firm uprising program. Realism of political platform can be tested.

These byses are to be selected after onthe-ground surveys by the teams inside Cuba. Some may exist already. These will also be logistical bases, for caches and stockpiling of arms and equipment to be used by the resistance. The p.a. teams will need not only supplies for active resistance, but also should be able to provide some welfare aid (such as to families of resistance members, families affected by plants shut-down by sabotage, etc.).

TOP SECRET SENSITIVE

Organise internal direction and con-

PURPOSE

trol of the popular movement.

OPERATION IN CUBA

headquarters with means to com-Establish clandestine leadership municate with all resistance e le mente.

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h. Collect: n and use of paychological action material.

port operations and by resistance teams graphic evidence of tyranny of regime of revolt inside Cuba, for use by supto awaken world opinion and fan fire To provide documentary and photo-

JULY

- resistance teams in areas prepared By July establish up to 5 more by "pathfinder" operations, as operationally feasible. ټے.
- in vicinity of airfields and communi-Basic organization of underground cation centers. **~**

Mission is the same as for the first resistance teams (A II e above).

communication links of the regime's To prepare the means for sabotage against military aircraft and key security forces.

CONSIDERATIONS

and a confident community and a confidence of the confidence of th

come the meaningful scarce of political. Leadership will have been emerging and to establish a clandestine headquarters, It should be of a hare, field type, in the psychological actions, to develop Cuban this is about the earliest date possible securest area possible. This can bewill to resist and fight.

side so that it can be exploited fully in Latin The resistance teams will use this material with timeliness inside and get it back outand public opinion in support of the inside America and elsewhere, building official operation.

be considered in preparing these additional teams for operations. Security of person-Experience of first resistance teams must nel is very important at this point, as the operation expands.

cluding members of military and communications employees. Popular support must and recruitment of local underground, in-This requires ground surveys, selection of sites for caching of sabotage supplies, be prepared by resistance teams.

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OPERATION IN CUBA

PURPOSE

k. Expand infiltration points along coasts.

To obtain maximum security for stepped-up infiltration,

Low-key resistance subotage, as

To demonstrate public disaffection with the regime and give examples which will prompt similar actions by many others. To build attitude and morale of the Cuban people to become activists for their cause against the Communist dictators.

CONSIDERATIONS

Original "rat-lines" need to be expanded into a functioning "underground railway" to pass more infiltree into interior.
Means of quick alerts to tanger, delaying defenses, multiple routes, coastal watchers and receivers need to be organized and activated.

Actions under resistance team guidance can include:

- "Runs"on State food and clothing stores and ransack where possible (prompting similar acts by those who want to get enough to eat and wear).
- Sugar in gas tanks of public buses and local official cars and trucks.
- Ice-picking tires.
- Removing receivers from telephones.
- · Harassing telephone calls to officials.
- Throwing stones with threatening notes into homes of officials.
 - Disrupting rail switches and sand in gear boxes of trains.
- Swiping spark plugs and distributors from vehicles.
- Housewives complaints on shortages of food, medicine, doctors, etc.
- Public contempt campaign against Cubans in regime's puppet organizations, including effigy burning.

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PURPOSE

OPERATION IN CUBA

To have a final look at the situation giving the signal to initiate actions and at the means in place before leading to full-scale revolt.

m. Final check on resistance elements

in Cube.

CONSIDERATIONS

This is a last-minute pause, to be cerable to gain an area of Cuba as its own tain that the resistance has a possible chance, and that the movement will be organization in key places which will against the regime's military forces. act when needed, that the significant sympathy with the aims of the movement and will join in when given the portion of the Cuban people are in As A minimum

PHASE IV

(August - September 1962)

AUGUST

To give workers a feeling of participating in the popular movement, without immediate reprisal. n. Symbolic work alow-down.

one hour by slow-down methods on 12 Aug. with Machado and call on workers to lose day for their splendid response (to shame 12 August is the anniversary of the overthrow of dictator Machado. The resistance should link the Castro-Communists one act of sabotage. The "Voice" of the those who didn't participate by making to commemorate the overthrow of one dictator. Workers should be asked to give either one-hour by slow-down or movement should thank them the next them feel alone).

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"A. PHESETT TOUR!

PURPOSE

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OPERATION IN CUBA

o. Symbolic signs painted on walls: "Machado One"

To commemorate the downfall of one remembered dictator and give

a symbolic pace to the resistance,

p. By August, have actions to penetrate and subvert the regime.

To weaken and frustrate organized actions against the popular move-ment.

q. Cuban paramilitary teams infiltrated to bases in the hills.

To provide a trained guerrilla cadre upon which to form guerrilla units.

r. Guerrilla bands activated in key areas.

To build a military striking force for the popular movement inside Cuba.

CONSIDERATIONS

Timed with the symbolic work slow-down (A IV n above). Spaced a few days apart, the signs should have lines added to them to read:

"Machado One Batista Two Castro Three," These are actions on officials of the regime, including the military and the police. Some should be defected in place. Others should be defected and helped to escape to the outside world to tell the inside story of the regime's tyranny, to evoke world sympathy with the freedom fighters.

The paramilitary teams must be capable of initiating minor harassment and reprisal actions, as well as organizing and training guerrilla units. Popular support is essential.

Recruits will be coming in after the symbolic harassment and reprisal actions.
They will be acreened, organized, and trained for guerrilla action. The regime's security forces can be expected to be very active. Anti-tank and anti-aircraft tactics are necessary. Increased popular support is a must in this phase.



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PURPOSE

OPERATION IN CUBA

SEPTEMBER

Commence expanding underground to every locality in Cuba.

To have a truly revolutionary organisation throughout Cubs.

To season the guerrilla forces with larger scale raids. Step-up of guerrilla actions.

by adding new forms, issue regulations To overburden the regime's administo discredit superiors, and sew suspicion and friction between bureaus. trative machinery by false orders, increase the amount of paper work

Activate larger-scale "black" operations on bureaucracy, as penetration

s

assets permit.

presence of foreign "freedom fighters." they are not alone in their struggle To let the Cuban people know that against tyranny, by the physical

fighters" from Latin America and Start entry of volunteer "freedom

cloowhere.

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CONSIDERATIONS

port, which requires intelligence collecand towns throughout. They will surface The guerrillas are the open arm, but the popular movement must have mass suption and clandestine activists in cities when the revolt needs open support. Actions will be to seize police files, kidambushes, and destroy fuel supplies and nap officials as hostages, capture local militia arms stores, increase road transport by raid actions.

including defection in place of some perof producing material which can pass as This will require intensive preparation, procedures within bureaus, and means sonnel, intimate knowledge of current official.

campaign could be a gesture and a practical Hungarians, Poles, etc.), and Americans, foreign volunteers. Recruits from Latin A "Marti Battalion" might be formed for America, from refugee groups (such as need a controlled means of entering the good fight. Some veterans of the Huk

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A. BASIC ACTION PLAN PHASE IV (cont.)

PURPOSE

OPERATION IN CUBA

SEPTEMBER (cont.)

To express popular anger against the regime's tyranny and to give harsh reality to the listing of "criminals against the people."

Attack on the cadre of the regime, including key leaders.

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CONSIDERATIONS

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x. Cperations liberating political prisoners held by regime, if possible.

To liberate prisoners for impact upon popular support of guerrillas and general resistance program.

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y. Start blocking assistance from the Communist Bloc,

To shut off Bloc assistance to the island of Cuba by all possible means from the inside. inside Cuba - striking against ships deliver-

destroying B loc supplies in warehouses,

and acting against Bloc technicians.

ing Bloc supplies, denying harbors by mining, sabotaging transport aircraft,

ments of arms being used to kill the Cuban people, the resistance must act on its own

While appealing to the free people of the world to help shut off Communist ship-

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A. BASIC ACTION PLAN PHASE IV (cont.)

OPERATION IN CUBA

PURPOSE

POSE

CONSIDERATIONS

SEPTEMBER (cont.)

Commence active sabotage of military aircraft, ground transport and communications.

To hamper the ability of the regime's security forces to strike at the resistance movement as it emerges into more open guerrilla hands.

More sophisticated sabotage devices, contaminants, etc., should be in target area by this time,

PHASE V

(FIRST TWO WEEKS, OCTOBER 1962)

OCTOBER

a. General strike by the Cuban workers.

To make public the popular support of the militant revolt, signifying the passing from underground to open rebellion, Same purpose as noted above (A V a) for the general strike.

b. Anti-regime demonstrations.

To initiate the hour of decision by calling on all Cubans for open support.

Declaration of the revolt.

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Strike must tie-up transportation and communications. The resistance teams must have set the readiness of the workers for this defiance of the regime. Arms must be available. Military cells will be activated. Funds will be needed to help the workers hold on and to bait defections of groups.

The resistance teams must have set the readiness of all population elements (youth, farmers, Church, etc.) to openly defy the regime. Arms must be available, including anti-tank weapons. Military cells will be activated.

Since the aims of the liberation will have been publicized previously, this is the "go" signal. All Cubans and the world need to hear it,

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A. BASIC ACTION PLAN PHASE V (cont.)

OPERATION IN CUBA

PURPOSE

CONSIDERATIONS

OCTOBER (cont.)

- d. Open revolt by the Cuban people.
- e. Return of Cuban refugees who are qualified and want to help liberate their homeland.

To overthrow the Communist regime.

To start a more open movement back to Cuba of those Cuban refugees who are able and willing to risk their lives in overthrowing the Communist regime.

This is the combat phase, fighting to take and hold ground,

Cuban refugee organizations will be tested with a "put up or ahut up" proposition. Those who have ability to contribute to the popular movement inside Cuba should be given a cnance to go home and act. Their screening and infiltration will have to be controlled. It must be a joining-in, not a taking-over of the inside movement.

PHASE VI (DURING O¢TOBER 1962)

To give legality to the moral right of the Cuban revolt.

Establish a new Cuban government, which can be recognized by the U.S.

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When the popular movement is holding meaningful territory in Cuba, it should form a provisional government. This should permit open Latin American and U. S. help, if requested and necessary. A military government situation will exist for the initial period and we must insist upon realism in this interim period preceding reasonable civilian control.

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B. POLITICAL SUPPORT PLAN

PURPOSE

Use OAS and its organs.

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To reaffirm strong official condemnation of Communist rule in Cuba. To influence Latin American and world opinion against Communist grab of Cuba and favorably toward Cubans recapturing their freedom.

> Use United Nations members and U. N. organe. તં

foreign sponsored government. Build hostility to Communist regime and a favorable attitude to people's revolt. Develop basis for outside support of To enlist world opinion for plight of Cuban people under domination of a Cuban people.

support of the Cuban people vs. Comindicate policy and commit prestige of U.S. government to appropriate munist dictatorship.

Use US officials and news releases

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at Washington level.

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sion, and must be an effort by Latin Ameriresponsibility, with CIA and USIA support.) OAS members innet be firm and open about sonal diplomacy with a real sense of mis-Cuba. This will require official and perpeople against the Communist regime, by this being a regional concern. OAS must build support for the cause of the Cuban state methods and foreign domination in statements and reports about the police can as well as U. S. officials. (State

education all fall within UN interest. Phoney to a UN inquiry team from OAS states re the Castro regime can open way for a challenge A challenge to hold free elections under UN Communist maneuvers about persecution of true status of popular support within Cubs. Plight of trade unionism, religion, health, Communists on the defensive. A UN "aid Statements of world leaders for humanity monitor could be timely and place Cuban sound move to highlight simation. (State comments about misery of Cubans under and justice can come from speeches and Communist political -economic program. for Cuban poverty and health" would be responsibility.)

opinion about outside support for Cuban people Development of sympathy leading to favorable is a goal. (State has responsibility to lead in regime directly by timely statements. This also supports similar attitude by leaders of Top officials of Executive and Legislative other nations and helps spirit of Cubans. branches can keep pressure upon Castro this very important line.)

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B. POLITICAL SUPPORT PLAN

PURPOSE

people and hostile to Communist staffers of foreign leaders along To influence attitude of political leaders favorably for the Cuban dictatorship. To influence key influence leaders in intellectual same line and, as appropriate, and major population groups.

For own public impact, international military leaders to cause of Cuban people against Communist regime. power of Latin political, intellecsupport, and morale of resistance Commit national prestige and tual, labor, youth, religious, within Cuba.

help generate the resistance and revolt. impressing upon political leadership people against their dictator regime. To lead major population groups in To counter and steal the Communist overs. To employ any contacts with working class in Cuba as a means to opinion formulation and in actions a demand for support of the Cuban maneuver using labor to defend the Cuban grab and launch other take.

CONSIDERATIONS

to build sympathy and support for Cuban revolution Against Castro regime. Can lead to independent Personal influence upon foreign officials is vital Cuban people. Latin American nations are most actions by other nations to build the case for the colony in Cuba. (State responsibility, with supimportant, but NATO also important. Official operational values in homeland ties to Spanish attitude of Spanish government can be key to port by others as required.)

couraged. Maximum publicity at country of origin, other key countries and into Cuba by CIA assets, Timely and strong public statements will be en-(State responsibility, with support by CIA and

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Poreign Relations of the United States" "Declassified for Publication in

ACTIVITY

Use U.S. diplomats and staffs in official and other contacts.

Activate Latin American leaders, government and public. ۶,

countries, aspecially Latin Ameri-Activate labor leadership in other can area. Ġ

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D. POLITICAL SUPPORT PLAN (cont.)

ACTIVITY

7. Use exile Cuban labor leaders.

Use exile groups under Cuban Revolutionary Council.

political action in Latin America. Use exiles as touring teams for 6

Special news coverage for Latin America, to generate political . 0.

PURPOSE

cations and infiltration of personnel assist main operation by communi-To help develop labor assets and actions in Latin America and to inside Cuba.

in Cuba and impact upon Latin Amerispecial groupings for contacte with-To maintain a significant symbol of car public opinion.

To give personal witness against the Communist regime and ask support for the people recapturing their freedom.

To arouse public and official sympeople and to sharpen appreciation petitions to local political and pubprovide leads for popular actions of the Communist threat to other Latin American countries. Will such as public pressure through pathy for the suppressed Cuban

CONSIDERLA TIONS

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professions, women are under the CRC and Special groupings such as students, youth, must be used with care and avoid political imprint of CRC to maxinum.

associates can tell impressive story that is Teams of students, lawyers, ex-Castro newsworthy.

Source less int districted : is any (1) while will a

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ACTIVITY

11. Radio programs for Cuban political activation.

PURPOSE

(cont.)

interests within the Cuban Te inform and keep basic population.

CONSIDERATIONS

and some 75 small outlets in the Caribbean semination inside Cuba is possible through mails and drops, but hazard to receiver too Religious programs, interviews with exite of life they must recapture from the Comto help keep Cubans in touch with the way area. (Use of printed materials for disworkers, students, fishermen, families private stations in Miami, New Orleans, special broadcasts exists, noting Swan great prior to climax.) (CIA and USIA munists. CIA capability for daily and Island station, and arrangements with responsibility.) The policy line for recognition of a revolutionary government is involved directly at this point.

and Latin American policy 12. By October, official U.S. Support.

more open support of the people's revolution, possibly a foundation To provide a positive basis for for military assistance upon request of recognized new government.

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C. ECONOMIC SUPPORT PLAN

PURPOSE

To build anti-regime feelings among Cuban people, by economic squeeze.

Persuade GAS, NATO and countries

ACTIVITY

friendly to freedom to desist from Cutrading with the Communist dictatorship in Havana.

Stop trans-shipment of U. S. items to To Cuba, especially via Mexico and cri

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 A "positive list" for Latin America subject to licensing procedures for other parts of the Free World. Harassnent of shipping destined for or arriving from Cuba.

To reduce supply of items and parts critical to the Cuban regime's economic program.

To reduce supply of special interest items,

ed for To delay and reduce supplies Cuban regime needs in economy.

To reduce supplies the Cuban regime must have to keep economy going.

Obtain cooperation of National Foreign

s,

Trade Council in delaying or refusing

charters to vessels calling at Cuban

ports, by mid-March.

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1 Ambresshington

To disrupt Cuban economy.

To harass Cuban economy.

Obtain by mid-March the cooperation of

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sidiaries abroad to adhere to the spirit

of U.S. economic boycott of Cuban

National Association of Manufacturers

to influence U.S. firms having sub-

U.S. Chamber of Commerce and the

CONSIDERATIONS

The regime may be weakened as the Cuban dollar market is depleted through loss of credit line. Requires full cooperation of allies and friends. (State responsibility with CIA and Commerce.)

Target is Cuban sugar economy, power petroleum, communications, transport. (State responsibility with CIA, Commerce, Justice.)

(Responsibility of State with Commerce and CIA participating.)

(Responsibility of State, with Commerce and CIA participating.)

(text paragraph (1 1/2 time of same text)

(Responsibility of State, with Commerce and CIA participating.)

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C. ECONOMIC SUPPORT PLAN (cont.)

ACTIVITY

8. By June, rumor campaign against Cuban items in free world market.

FURPOSE

To discourage sales of Cuban produce and to further deplete Cuba's dollar market.

CONSIDERA TIONS

Tropicals, tobacco, and sugar could be targeted. (Responsibility of CIA with State and USIA participating.)

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D. PSYCHOLOGICAL SUPPORT PLAN

PURPOSE

To set the deeply-moving tone and motivating force for the liberation of Cuba.

of broadcasts.

Ready broadcast means for "Voice" of inside Cuban movement, to com-

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mence broadcasting in April.

To ensure maximum effectiveness

risk to mount. They have to pay-off every second

while on the air. They need identifying music

These broadcasts entail considerable work and

commemorative U. S. stamp), and popularizing

songe by commercial recordings. (USIA and

CIA responsibility.)

the ideal of Marti by taking use of his memory

away from the Communists (even to issue of

Cuban revolutionary background), recapturing

spiritual appeal (such as the prayer for Cuba

This means maximum use of

All media.

CONSIDERATIONS

by Bishop Bojs. Masvidal who has a genuine

and transmitted by submarine. As soon as feasible,

Cuba. (CIA responsibility, w.h. support by

portable transmitter(s) must b

Defense and USIA as required.)

tionally required, initial broadcasts can be taped

worth risk to the listener inside Cuba. If opera-

harmonica), identifying slogan, and a format

(by guerrilla instruments such as guitar or

entablished inside

To demonstrate concern for plight of refugees, particularly parentless children.

personalities to Cuban refugee camps

in Florida.

Publicity for selected defectors

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from Castro team.

prominent U.S. and Latin American

In March, commence visits of

m

To demonstrate Cuban regime's failure to live up to promises of original 26th of July movement.

and Colombia suggests this. (USIA responsibility.) visiting children refugees. (One camp near Miami cans on the recent Presidential visit to Venezuela their parents.) Her impact upon Latin Ameri-Mrs. Kennedy would be especially effective in has about 1,000 children who came out without

responsibility, with help of CIA, Justice, and Feature stories, documentaries, etc. (USIA

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11:

Create atmosphere of a "crusade"

ACTIVITY

for human liberty"

TOP SECRET SEWSITIVE

ALLANDA SERVICE OF FALLE CO.

D. PSYCHOLOGICAL SUPPORT PLAN (con.)

PURPOSE

To illuminate intolerable conditions in Cuba and the plight of the Cubans who remain inside.

Cuban refugues, starting in March.

with human-interest stories about

Publication of weekly reports

ACTIVITY

Activate bi-partisun group to pro-

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vide medical supplies to Cuba, by

September.

To dramatize plight of the Cuban people and the failure of the Communist regime to care for the people.

To publicize that ordinary citizens, not just the rich, have fled tyranny.

Dramatize individual stories of Cuban

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refugees representative of major

population groups: workers, youth,

CONSIDERATIONS

This should include supporting reports giving statistics on the numbers of refugees who have fled, and keep fleeing, to the U.S., Jamaica, Venezuela, Mexico, and Spain, (USIA responsibility, with support of others as required.)

(Responsibility of CIA and USLA.)

Documentaries, etc., of these refugees now at work in the U.S. (not just in refugee centers), awaiting the day they can return to strike a blow for liberty. (USIA responsibility.)

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MILITARY SUPPORT PLAN ផ

PURPOSE

To insure optimum implementation of the basic plan.

Provide logistic, personnel

ACTIVITY

and training support.

To enlist support of military elements movement, to encourage opposition to the Cuban regime and actions against of the Free World for the resistance that regime.

lateral military organizations, to include personal contacts.

through bilateral and multi-

Induce actions against Cuba

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divert attention, to provide psycho-To deceive Cuban government or to to frustrate the Cuban regime, and to demonstrate U.S. determination logical support for the resistance, to other states.

activity in the Caribbean area.

Prepare to increase military

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regime, and to help impede transport of supplies the regime needs. To divert attention of the Cuban

To delay, confuse, or deter Cuban transportation and communication.

To insure success of resistance at critical juncture.

Prepare to protect elements of

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the resistance movement.

Prepare to harass Cuban civil

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aviation and surface shipping.

Prepare to intrude Cuban sea

or air space.

To confuse and block Cuban communications. Prepare to intrude or jam Cuban

communications,

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CONSIDERA TIONS

The basic plan requires complete and efficient support of the military, to include the use of facilities and military cover. (Defense responsibility.)

Board, the Joint Mexican-U.S. Defense Commission, the Joint Brazil-U.S. Defense Comshould be made of extra-hemispheric military Make full use of the Inter-American Defense the Defense, Canada-U.S. Additionally, use organizations. (Defense responsibility, with mission, and the Permanent Joint Board for State support.)

Increases in flights or naval shipping, moves supply will improve readiness posture in the of dependents, reinforcement or increased area. (Defense responsibility.)

(Defense responsibility with Unattributable. CIA support.)

(Defense responsibility with Unattributable. CIA support.)

operations. (Defense responsibility with CIA Air cover or escort and sea and air rescue support.) (Defense responsibility .- CIA and USIA support.)

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TOP SECRET SENSITIVE

E. MILITARY SUPPORT PLAN

PURPOSE

To insure optimum implementation of the basic plan.

Provide logistic, personnel

ACTIVITY

and training support.

To enlist support of military elements of the Free World for the resistance movement, to encourage opposition to the Cuban regime and actions against that regime.

lateral military organizations,

through bilateral and multi-

Induce actions against Cuba

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to include personal contacts.

To deceive Cuban government or to divert attention, to provide psychological support for the resistance, to frustrate the Cuban regime, and to demonstrate U.S. determination to other states.

activity in the Caribbean area.

Prepare to increase military

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To divert attention of the Cuban regime, and to help impede transport of supplies the regime needs.

To delay, confuse, or deter Cuban transportation and communication,

To insure success of resistance at critical juncture.

To confuse and block Cuban com-

munications.

Prepare to intrude or jam Cuban communications.

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Prepare to protect elements of

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the resistance movement.

Prepare to harass Cuban civil

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aviation and surface shipping.

Prepare to intrude Cuban sea

or air space.

CONSIDERATIONS

The basic plan requires complete and efficient support of the military, to include the use of facilities and military cover. (Defense responsibility.)

Make full use of the Inter-American Defense Board, the Joint Mexican-U.S. Defense Commission, the Joint Brazil-U.S. Defense Commission, and the Permanent Joint Board for the Defense, Canada-U.S. Additionally, use should be made of extra-hemispheric military organizations. (Defense responsibility, with State support.)

Increases in flights or naval shipping, moves of dependents, reinforcement or increased supply will improve readiness posture in the area. (Defense responsibility.)

Unattributable. (Defense responsibility with CIA support.)

Unattributable. (Defense responsibility with CLA support.)

Air cover or escort and sea and air rescue operations. (Defense responsibility with CIA support.)

(Defense responsibility -- CIA and USIA support.)

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F. SABOTAGE SUPPORT PLAN

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To deny supply to Soviets and to hinder Cuba's ability to pay for Bloc imports.

Sabotage Cuban supply of nickel

to Soviete.

ACTIVITY

CONSIDERATIONS

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2. Sabotage fuel supply.

To cripple transportation.

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3. Sabotage communications.

To dramatize and encourage the spirit of resistance.

Prime targets for hit-and-run teams based outside Ct. th are CMQ TV and the Czech radio transmitter (believed now used to jam U. S. broadcaets). Attacks mounted only when operationally feasible. The G-2 micro-wave not should be dealt with when there are sufficient assets inside to make sabotage coincide with a critical need, in August-September.

To increase strain on regime and bring daily business to a standstill, by dramatic action all people will note.

4. Sabotage power supply.

This should be a concerted attack, as feasible in July-August, on power plants at Havana, Santiago, Cinfuegas, Vicente, Santa Clara, Cuatro Caminos, Matanzas. It is of a type requiring detailed planning and special equipment, and can be mounted from outside Cuba.

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INTELLICENCE SUPPORT PLAN ö

PURPOSE

the project team with current intelligence and daily developments. To provide top U. S. officials with status briefings, as To provide the Chief of Operations and

To collect intelligence required for the assets as refugees arrive, and to provide security against Communist agent operations, to identify and earmark operations. To collect intelligence in a Latin atmosphere, at different levels than now seem possible in the continental U.S., to spot additional assets for the operation, and to provide security against Communist agent operations.

Develop additional Interrogation

m

centers in other areas, during

March 1962.

To develop increased "hard" intelligence.

other sensitive intelligence cover-

age, as required.

Expand special intelligence and

CONSIDERATIONS

will be maintained in the inner JCS security A maximum accurity room for this project area of the Pentagon. (Defense responsibility, with support by CIA and others as required.)

mendation as essential by the Chief o' Opera-12 at work. The staff is now being increased in phases, as quickly as personnel are trainfully active by 15 March, with a new building This operation, in response to early recomed, to supplement the initial staff of 9. (Cit. tions, is moving at utmost speed to become completed and occupied, and with a staff of responsibility, with support by Defense, Juntice, State, USIA.)

first priority, CIA must survey means and As Opa-Locka becomes fully activated, as methods for activating other interrogation centers where useful.

survey. The new centers should be activated as quickly as feasible. (CIA responsibility, should be included in this with support by Defense and others as necessary.) (Defense responsibility, in collaboration with

Line in March 12

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ACTIVITY

Special Operations Room fully

activated, by I March 1962

Caribbean Admission Center,

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activated by 15 March 1962.

Opa-Locka, Florida, fully